

High School Science Virtual Learning

Earth Science Climate Variation May 05, 2020



High School Earth Science Lesson: May 05, 2020

Objective/Learning Target: Students will understand why climate varies in different regions.



Let's Get Started:

1. What is climate?

2. What factors affect local weather?



Let's Get Started: Answer Key

1. Climate is long-term weather in a region.

2. Factors that affect weather include temperature, air pressure, precipitation, humidity, and wind.



Lesson Activity:

Directions:

- Watch the video at the link below.
- 2. Answer the questions on the slides that follow.

Links: Climate Variation



Practice

Complete the following questions using the information you learned during the lesson activity.



Questions:

- 1. What are the 6 main factors that can cause climate variation?
- 2. How do latitude and sunlight work together to cause climate variation?
- 3. Describe at least two ways mountains cause climate variation.
- 4. How does the size of a landmass contribute to climate variation?



Once you have completed the practice questions check with the answer key.

- 1. Latitude, mountains, ocean currents, air pressure, proximity to oceans, size of land masses
- 2. The sun's radiation hits the equator more directly than it does at the poles. This difference causes temperatures to be warmer near the equator than it is at the poles.
- 3. a. Increasing altitude moving up the mountain results in lower temperatures than other areas at the same latitude.
 - b. Mountains can cause rain shadows (the windward side gets a lot of rain, the leeward side is very dry)
- 4. Larger land masses have extreme temperature ranges, while smaller masses have very little temperature variation, due to the amount of land in close proximity to the ocean.



More Practice:

Follow the links below to do more practice.

- Explain sunlight distribution across Earth.
- What is the result of this distribution?
- How is this balanced?
- 4. What causes the variations in climates?

Link: <u>climate systems</u>



Once you have completed the More Practice questions check with the answer key.

- 1. Sunlight is unevenly distributed due to the tilt of the Earth on its axis. More energy reaches the equator than the poles.
- 2. Sunlight distribution causes the equator to be warmer than the poles.
- 3. The climate system moves heat from the equator to the poles through the atmosphere and oceans.
- 4. Interaction between the sun's energy and the movement of heat via the atmosphere and oceans.



Additional Practice: Click on the link below for additional reading on climate.

Link: Climate